

CHECKLISTS
OF THE WILDLIFE (& TREES) OF
PRINCE ALBERT
AND ENVIRONS

STUART ON NATURE
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AN INTRODUCTION TO PRINCE ALBERT AND ENVIRONS

① Location:

Prince Albert village is situated at the southernmost edge of the Great Karoo, and at the northern foot of the Swartberg range of mountains. It lies within South Africa's Western Cape province and can be reached from the N1 via the R328 at Prince Albert Road, or coming from the north by turning off the N1 10 km to the south of Leeu-Gamka. Access from the south is either over the impressive Swartberg Pass or through the magnificent Meiringspoort.

② Geological background:

Prince Albert is dominated by the Swartberg range, part of the extensive Cape Folded Mountain system. The mountains consist mainly of the group of sedimentary rocks known collectively as the Table Mountain Series. These sandstones consolidated to form weather-resistant rock and were pushed up above sea-level. As this process was taking place the earth's crust was subjected to massive folding and tilting and these mountain ranges came into being. These mountains were once much higher than we see them today but the toll of erosion and weathering has greatly reduced the lofty peaks. Examples of massive folding and fracturing of the rock strata can be best viewed in Meiringspoort.

③ Climatic influences:

The south-facing slopes of the Swartberg range, especially along the upper ridges receive a relatively high annual rainfall. It is the water from these higher ridges that resulted in the establishment of Prince Albert and allow it to flourish to this day. However, the north-facing slopes under which Prince Albert lies, receive an annual precipitation of only some 200 mm, as they fall within the rain shadow. The higher peaks are not infrequently snow covered during the winter months. Summer temperatures are high and those of winter generally mild, although at night it can be very cold during these months.

④ Vegetation:

The vegetation of Prince Albert and the surrounding area can be simply divided into four types. If one starts on the upper reaches of the mountain range, accessed from the Swartberg Pass, you will be in Cape mountain fynbos. This is extremely rich in plant species diversity and includes such well known groups as the proteas, leucodendrons, ericas and restios. As one descends the pass towards Prince Albert one enters a much drier biome that is dominated by such species as the spekboom *Portulacaria afra*. A third distinctive vegetation type is found along the water courses, with the sweet thorn *Acacia karoo* dominating. With its

long, white thorns it cannot be mistaken for any other tree in the area. The final vegetation type you will encounter covers the plains and lower foothills and consists of low karroid bushes and shrubs with a strong intermix of succulents. Within the village itself and the surrounding small-holdings the majority of plants are exotics but nevertheless form an important habitat for many animal species. We have included a list of the most important trees and bushes from the area.

⑤ **Animal life:**

Despite the arid nature of the Prince Albert area there is a remarkable diversity of species and over time it can be expected that more species will be added to these checklists. At the time of printing these checklists (June 2001) no less than 59 mammal species had been recorded in this area; as well as 158 different birds, 48 reptiles and six amphibians.

HOW TO USE THESE CHECKLISTS AND KEYS:

Habitat:

Where possible we have given an indication of the range of the animals in and around Prince Albert. We are well aware that some species occur in all habitats, others are highly restricted. Some are most likely to be found in a particular habitat but on occasion may be found in others. For example, klipspringer are by and large restricted to the rocky areas but on occasion they may be seen feeding on the adjacent slopes and even on the edge of the plain.

- P Plains
- CL Cultivated land (including the village)
- FH Foothills and rocky outcrops
- M Mountains
- WL Wetland areas, such as furrows, dams and river

Status:

The categories we have selected to indicate the level of abundance are of necessity very broad. However, they at least give you a notion of what to expect to see easily, not so easily and only if you are lucky! In the case of some species abundance is poorly, or not known at all. In the case of birds a number of species are intra-African migrants, moving to different regions of the continent in different seasons. There are also a number of birds that are Palaearctic migrants only visiting the area during the summer months.

Abundance and status:


- C Common
- FC Fairly common
- UC Uncommon
- R Rare
- V Vagrant (birds only)

Your notes:

We have left a column for you to tick your personal sightings. After each group, e.g. mammals, we have left space for you to add new sightings and to make field notes.

PRINCE ALBERT - MAMMAL CHECKLIST

To date 59 mammal species have been recorded in and around Prince Albert. Although your chances of seeing many of these species is small it is always pleasant to know that you are wandering through their chosen habitats. Of course some species, such as baboon, hyrax (dassie) and klipspringer, are relatively easy to see. Leopard and caracal still roam the mountains and hills but these are seldom seen.

English name	Scientific name	Status	Habitat	
Round-eared sengi	<i>Macroscelides proboscideus</i>	FC	P	
Cape rock sengi	<i>Elephantulus edwardii</i>	FC	FH/M	
Forest shrew	<i>Myosorex varius</i>	R	CL	
Reddish-grey musk shrew	<i>Crocidura cyanea</i>	FC	FH	
Egyptian slit-faced bat	<i>Nycteris thebaica</i>	R	FH	
Geoffroy's horseshoe bat	<i>Rhinolophus clivosus</i>	R	FH	
Cape horseshoe bat	<i>Rhinolophus capensis</i>	FC	FH	
Schreiber's long-fingered bat	<i>Miniopterus schreibersii</i>	R	FH	
Melck's serotine bat	<i>Pipistrellus melckorum</i>	R	FH	
Cape serotine bat	<i>Pipistrellus capensis</i>	C	CL	
Egyptian free-tailed bat	<i>Tadarida aegyptiaca</i>	FC	CL	
Chacma baboon	<i>Papio ursinus</i>	FC	FH/M	
Vervet monkey	<i>Chlorocebus pygerythrus</i>	R	WL	
Cape hare	<i>Lepus capensis</i>	C	P	
Scrub hare	<i>Lepus saxatilis</i>	FC	CL	
Smith's red rock rabbit	<i>Pronolagus rupestris</i>	UC	FH/M	
Spectacled dormouse	<i>Graphiurus ocularis</i>	R	FH/M	
Common molerat	<i>Cryptomys hottentotus</i>	UC	CL	
Porcupine	<i>Hystrix africaeaustralis</i>	C	All	
White-tailed mouse	<i>Mystromys albicaudatus</i>	R	P	
Pouched mouse	<i>Saccostomus campestris</i>	R	P	
Kreb's fat mouse	<i>Steatomys krebsii</i>	R	P	
Short-tailed gerbil	<i>Desmodillus auricularis</i>	FC	P	

English name	Scientific name	Status	Habitat	✍
Hairy-footed gerbil	<i>Gerbilliscus paeba</i>	FC	P	
Cape spiny mouse	<i>Acomys subspinosus</i>	FC	FH/M	
Namaqua rock mouse	<i>Micaelamys namaquensis</i>	C	FH/M	
Four-striped grass mouse	<i>Rhabdomys pumilio</i>	C	CL	
Pygmy mouse	<i>Mus minutoides</i>	R	P	
House mouse	<i>Mus musculus</i>	FC	CL	
Multimammate mouse	<i>Mastomys natalensis / coucha</i>	FC	FH/CL	
House rat	<i>Rattus rattus</i>	UC	CL/W L	
Brant's whistling rat	<i>Parotomys brantsii</i>	UC	P	
Vlei rat	<i>Otomys irroratus</i>	FC	WL	
Bush karoo rat	<i>Myotomys unisulcatus</i>	UC	P	
Cape fox	<i>Vulpes chama</i>	FC	P/FH	
Bat-eared fox	<i>Otocyon megalotis</i>	FC	P	
Black-backed jackal	<i>Canis mesomelas</i>	FC	P/FH	
Cape clawless otter	<i>Aonyx capensis</i>	UC	WL	
Honey badger / ratel	<i>Mellivora capensis</i>	R	All	
Striped polecat	<i>Ictonyx striatus</i>	FC	All	
Small grey mongoose	<i>Herpestes pulverulentus</i>	FC	All	
Water mongoose	<i>Atilax paludinosus</i>	FC	WL	
Yellow mongoose	<i>Cynictis penicillata</i>	FC	P	
Suricate	<i>Suricata suricatta</i>	FC	P	
Small-spotted genet	<i>Genetta genetta (felina)</i>	FC	CL/FH	
Aardwolf	<i>Proteles cristatus</i>	UC	P	
Small spotted cat	<i>Felis nigripes</i>	R	P	
African wild cat	<i>Felis libyca</i>	FC	P/FH	
Caracal	<i>Caracal caracal</i>	FC	FH/M	
Leopard	<i>Panthera pardus</i>	UC	FH/M	

PRINCE ALBERT - BIRD CHECKLIST

With 158 species of bird known to occur here there is much to interest the casual birder, as well as the 'manic twitcher'. Here one can observe arid area species, as well as those higher rainfall species to be found in the Cape fynbos (or heathland). Bird-watching in the village can be productive given the abundant water and cultivation. You should bear in mind that a number of species are intra-African, or Palaearctic migrants, and are therefore not present throughout the year.

English name	Scientific name	Status	Habitat	☞
Dabchick	<i>Tachypabtus ruficollis</i>	R	WL	
Reed cormorant	<i>Phalacrocorax africanus</i>	UC	WL	
White-breasted cormorant	<i>Phalacrocorax carbo</i>	R	WL	
Darter	<i>Anhinga melanogaster</i>	V	WL	
Grey heron	<i>Ardea cinerea</i>	UC	WL	
Black-headed heron	<i>Ardea melanocephala</i>	UC	CL/W L	
Little egret	<i>Egretta garzetta</i>	R	WL	
Cattle egret	<i>Bubulcus ibis</i>	FC	CL/W L	
Black stork	<i>Ciconia nigra</i>	V	M	
White stork	<i>Ciconia ciconia</i>	R	CL	
Hamerkop	<i>Scopus umbretta</i>	FC	WL	
Hadedah ibis	<i>Bostrychia hagedash</i>	FC	CL/W L	
Sacred ibis	<i>Threskiornis aethiopicus</i>	UC	CL/W L	
Spurwinged goose	<i>Plectropterus gambensis</i>	R	CL/W L	
Egyptian goose	<i>Alopochen aegyptiacus</i>	FC	CL/W L	
South African shelduck	<i>Tadorna cana</i>	FC	CL/W L	
African black duck	<i>Anas sparsa</i>	R	WL	
Yellow-billed duck	<i>Anas undulata</i>	UC	WL	

English name	Scientific name	Status	Habitat	☞
Cape teal	<i>Anas capensis</i>	R	WL	
Southern pochard	<i>Netta erythrophthalma</i>	R	WL	
Cape vulture	<i>Gyps coprotheres</i>	V	-	
Gymnogene	<i>Polyboroides typus</i>	FC	FH/M	
Black-breasted snake eagle	<i>Circaetus gallicus</i>	R	P	
Black eagle	<i>Aquila verreauxii</i>	FC	FH/M	
Marital eagle	<i>Polemaetus bellicosus</i>	R	P	
Booted eagle	<i>Hieraaetus pennatus</i>	UC	FH/M	
Jackal buzzard	<i>Buteo rufofuscus</i>	C	FH/M	
Steppe buzzard	<i>Buteo buteo</i>	FC	P	
Black harrier	<i>Circus maurus</i>	R	P	
Pale chanting goshawk	<i>Melierax canorus</i>	FC	P	
Red-breasted sparrowhawk	<i>Accipiter rufiventris</i>	R	M	
Yellow-billed kite	<i>Milvus migrans</i>	UC	P	
Black-shouldered kite	<i>Elanus caeruleus</i>	FC	P/CL	
Peregrine falcon	<i>Falco peregrinus</i>	R	M	
Lanner falcon	<i>Falco biarmicus</i>	UC	P/FH	
Lesser kestrel	<i>Falco naumanni</i>	UC	P	
Common kestrel	<i>Falco tinnunculus</i>	C	FH/M	
Grey-wing francolin	<i>Francolinus africanus</i>	UC	M	
Helmeted guineafowl	<i>Numida meleagris</i>	UC	CL	
Red-knobbed coot	<i>Fulica cristata</i>	UC	WL	
Moorhen	<i>Gallinula chloropus</i>	UC	WL	
Blue crane	<i>Anthropoides paradisea</i>	R	P	
Ostrich (domesticated)	<i>Struthio camelus</i>			
Secretary bird	<i>Sagittarius serpentarius</i>	R	P	
Stanley's bustard	<i>Neotis denhami</i>	UC	P	

English name	Scientific name	Status	Habitat	↗
Karoo korhaan	<i>Eupodotis vigorsii</i>	FC	P	
Black korhaan	<i>Eupodotis afra</i>	UC	P	
Blacksmith plover	<i>Vanellus armatus</i>	FC	CL/W L	
Treble-banded plover	<i>Charadius tricollaris</i>	FC	WL	
Crowned plover	<i>Vanellus coronatus</i>	UC	CL	
Burchell's courser	<i>Cursorius rufus</i>	UC	P	
Double-banded courser	<i>Rhinoptilus africanus</i>	UC	P	
Spotted dikkop	<i>Burhinus capensis</i>	FC	CL/P	
Namaqua sandgrouse	<i>Pterocles namaqua</i>	FC	P	
Speckled (rock) pigeon	<i>Columba guinea</i>	C	All	
Red-eyed dove	<i>Streptopelia semitorquata</i>	UC	CL/W L	
Cape turtle dove	<i>Streptopelia capicola</i>	C	CL/W L	
Namaqua dove	<i>Oena capensis</i>	FC	P	
Laughing (palm) dove	<i>Streptopelia senegalensis</i>	C	CL/W L	
Diederik cuckoo	<i>Chrysococcyx caprius</i>	UC	CL/W L	
Barn owl	<i>Tyto alba</i>	UC	CL/FH	
Spotted eagle owl	<i>Bubo africanus</i>	C	All	
Cape eagle owl	<i>Bubo capensis</i>	R	FH/M	
Fiery-necked nightjar	<i>Caprimulgus pectoralis</i>	FC	CL/FH	
Black swift	<i>Apus barbatus</i>	FC	All	
Alpine swift	<i>Apus melba</i>	UC	All	
White-rumped swift	<i>Apus caffer</i>	C	All	
Little swift	<i>Apus affinis</i>	C	All	
Speckled mousebird	<i>Colius striatus</i>	C	CL/W L	

English name	Scientific name	Status	Habitat	✍
White-backed mousebird	<i>Colius colius</i>	C	CL/W L	
Red-faced mousebird	<i>Colius indicus</i>	C	CL/W L	
European bee-eater	<i>Merops apiaster</i>	C	CL/W L	
Hoopoe	<i>Upupa epops</i>	C	CL/W L	
Pied barbet	<i>Lybius leucomelas</i>	C	CL/W L	
Ground woodpecker	<i>Geocolaptes olivaceus</i>	UC	FH/M	
Cardinal woodpecker	<i>Dendropicos fuscescens</i>	UC	CL/W L	
Clapper lark	<i>Mirafrapa apiata</i>	UC	P	
Thick-billed lark	<i>Galerida magnirostris</i>	FC	FH/P	
Long-billed lark	<i>Certhilauda curvirostris</i>	C	FH/P	
Karoo lark	<i>Certhilauda albescens</i>	FC	P	
Red-capped lark	<i>Calandrella cinerea</i>	FC	P	
Grey-backed finch-lark	<i>Eremopterix verticalis</i>	FC	P	
Barn swallow (European)	<i>Hirundo rustica</i>	C	CL/W L	
Greater striped swallow	<i>Hirundo cucullata</i>	UC	P/CL	
White-throated swallow	<i>Hirundo albigularis</i>	FC	CL/W L	
Rock martin	<i>Hirundo fuligula</i>	C	CL/FH	
Brown-throated martin	<i>Riparia paludicola</i>	C	CL/W L	
Pied crow	<i>Corvus albus</i>	C	P	
Black crow	<i>Corvus capensis</i>	C	P	
White-necked raven	<i>Corvus albicollis</i>	C	FH/M	
Southern grey tit	<i>Parus afer</i>	FC	CL/FH	

English name	Scientific name	Status	Habitat	↗
Red-eyed bulbul	<i>Pycnonotus nigricans</i>	C	CL/W L	
Olive thrush	<i>Turdus olivaceus</i>	FC	CL/W L	
Cape rock thrush	<i>Monticola rupestris</i>	FC	FH/M	
Sentinel rock thrush	<i>Monticola explorator</i>	UC	FH/M	
Cape rockjumper	<i>Chaetops frenatus</i>	UC	M	
Capped wheatear	<i>Oenanthe pileata</i>	UC	P	
Familiar chat	<i>Cercomela familiaris</i>	C	CL/FH	
Stonechat	<i>Saxicola torquata</i>	UC	P/CL	
Karoo chat	<i>Cercomela schlegelii</i>	C	P	
Tractrac chat	<i>Cercomela tractrac</i>	FC	P	
Sickle-winged chat	<i>Cercomela sunuata</i>	UC	P	
Ant-eating chat	<i>Myrmecocichla formicivora</i>	FC	P	
Mountain chat	<i>Oenanthe monticola</i>	C	FH/M	
Cape robin	<i>Cossypha afra</i>	C	CL/W L	
Karoo robin	<i>Erythropygia coryphaeus</i>	C	P	
Cape penduline tit	<i>Anthoscopus minutus</i>	UC	P	
Yellow-bellied eremomela	<i>Eremomela icteropygialis</i>	R	P	
African sedge warbler	<i>Bradypterus baboecala</i>	UC	WL	
African marsh warbler	<i>Acrocephalus baeticatus</i>	UC	WL	
Cinnamon-breasted warbler	<i>Euryptila subcinnamomea</i>	UC	FH	
Grassbird	<i>Sphenoeacus afer</i>	FC	M	
Fairy flycatcher	<i>Stenostira scita</i>	UC	FH/M	
Titbabbler	<i>Parisoma subcaeruleum</i>	FC	P	
Layard's titbabbler	<i>Parisoma layardi</i>	UC	P	
Long-billed crombec	<i>Sylvietta rufescens</i>	FC	P/WL	
Fan-tailed cisticola	<i>Cisticola juncidis</i>	C	CL/W	

English name	Scientific name	Status	Habitat	☞
			L	
Grey-backed cisticola	<i>Cisticola subruficapilla</i>	C	P/FH	
Rufous-eared warbler	<i>Malcorus pectoralis</i>	C	P/FH	
Spotted prinia	<i>Prinia maculosa</i>	C	P/FH	
Namaqua prinia	<i>Prinia substriata</i>	C	CL/W L	
Spotted flycatcher	<i>Muscicapa striata</i>	UC	CL/W L	
Chat flycatcher	<i>Melaenornis infuscatus</i>	UC	CL/W L	
Pirit batis	<i>Batis pirit</i>	FC	CL/W L	
Cape white-eye	<i>Zosterops pallidus</i>	C	CL/W L	
Cape wagtail	<i>Motacilla capensis</i>	C	CL/W L	
Grassveld pipit	<i>Anthus cinnamomeus</i>	FC	P	
Rock pipit	<i>Anthus crenatus</i>	UC	FH/M	
Fiscal shrike	<i>Lanius collaris</i>	C	All	
Bokmakierie	<i>Telophorus zeylonus</i>	C	CL/M	
Glossy starling	<i>Lamprotornis nitens</i>	R	WL	
Pale-winged starling	<i>Onychognathus nabouroup</i>	UC	FH/M	
Red-winged starling	<i>Onychognathus morio</i>	C	CL/FH	
European starling	<i>Sturnus vulgaris</i>	FC	CL	
Pied starling	<i>Spreo bicolor</i>	FC	P/CL	
Wattled starling	<i>Creatophora cinerea</i>	FC	P	
Cape sugarbird	<i>Promerops cafer</i>	C	M	
Malachite sunbird	<i>Nectarinia famosa</i>	FC	FH/M	
Dusky sunbird	<i>Nectarinia fusca</i>	FC	P/FH	
Lesser double-collared	<i>Nectarinia chalybea</i>	FC	M	

PRINCE ALBERT - REPTILE CHECKLIST

Of the 48 reptile species so far recorded from the area, four are tortoises, 15 are snakes and the remaining 29 lizards. Although snakes are seldom seen, during the warmer months many of the lizard species can be spotted.


English name	Scientific name	Status	Habitat	☞
TORTOISES:				
Karoo padloper	<i>Homopus boulengeri</i>	UC	FH	
Leopard tortoise	<i>Stigmochelys pardalis</i>	UC	P	
Tent tortoise	<i>Psammobates tentorius</i>	FC	P	
Marsh terrapin	<i>Pelomedusa galeata</i>	UC	WL	
SNAKES:				
Delalande's beaked blind snake	<i>Rhinotyphlops lalandei</i>	R	P	
Brown house snake	<i>Lamprophis fuliginosus</i>	FC	CL/W L	
Spotted house snake	<i>Lamprophis guttatus</i>	R	FH	
Common slug eater	<i>Duberria lutrix</i>	R	CL	
Mole snake	<i>Pseudaspis cana</i>	R	CL/P	
Sundevall's shovel-snout	<i>Prosymna sundevallii</i>	R	P	
Rhombic skaapsteker	<i>Psammophylax rhombeatus</i>	R	FH/CL	
Karoo sand snake	<i>Psammophis notostictus</i>	FC	P	
Cross-marked grass snake	<i>Psammophis crucifer</i>	R	M	
Common egg eater	<i>Dasypeltis scabra</i>	FC	CL/W L	
Spotted harlequin snake	<i>Homoroselaps lacteus</i>	R	P	
Coral snake	<i>Aspidelops lubricus</i>	R	P	
Cape cobra	<i>Naja nivea</i>	FC	CL/W L	
Puff adder	<i>Bitis arietans</i>	FC	CL/W L	
Horned adder	<i>Bitis caudalis</i>	R	P	

English name	Scientific name	Status	Habitat	↗
LIZARDS:				
Cape legless skink	<i>Acontias meleagris</i>	R	WL/C L	
Cape skink	<i>Trachylepis capensis</i>	FC	CL/FH	
Red-sided skink	<i>Trachylepis homalocephala</i>	FC	WL	
Western rock skink	<i>Trachylepis sulcata</i>	UC	FH	
Variegated skink	<i>Trachylepis variegata</i>	FC	CL/FH	
Karoo sandveld lizard	<i>Nucras livida</i>	R	P	
Burchell's sand lizard	<i>Pedioplanis burchelli</i>	UC	FH/M	
Spotted sand lizard	<i>Pedioplanis lineoocellata</i>	C	P	
Namaqua sand lizard	<i>Pedioplanis namaquensis</i>	FC	P	
Namaqua plated lizard	<i>Gerrhosaurus typicus</i>	R	P	
Cape girdled lizard	<i>Smaug cordylus</i>	UC	FH	
Dwarf karoo girdled lizard	<i>Cordylus aridus</i>	R	P/FH	
Karoo girdled lizard	<i>Karusaurus polyzonus</i>	FC	P	
Rock monitor	<i>Varanus albigularis</i>	R	P	
Ground agama	<i>Agama aculeata</i>	UC	P	
Southern rock agama	<i>Agama atra</i>	FC	FH/M	
Karoo dwarf chamaeleon	<i>Bradypodion karrooicum</i>	UC	WL	
Namaqua chamaeleon	<i>Chamaeleo namaquensis</i>	UC	P	
Swartberg African leaf-toed gecko	<i>Afrogecko swartbergensis</i>	R	M	
Giant ground gecko	<i>Chondrodactylus angulifer</i>	R	P	
Bibron's thick-toed gecko	<i>Chondrodactylus bibronii</i>	FC	CL/FH	
Cape thick-toed gecko	<i>Pachydactylus capensis</i>	R	P	
Ocellated thick-toed gecko	<i>Pachydactylus geitje</i>	R	FH/M	
Spotted thick-toed gecko	<i>Pachydactylus maculatus</i>	UC	P	
Marico thick-toed gecko	<i>Pachydactylus mariquensis</i>	UC	P	

English name	Scientific name	Status	Habitat	✍
Western spotted thick-toed gecko	<i>Pachydactylus serval</i>	R	P	
Common barking gecko	<i>Ptenopus garrulus</i>	UC	P	

PRINCE ALBERT - AMPHIBIAN CHECKLIST

Of the six species so far recorded in and around Prince Albert, only four are known to occur near the village. The remaining two are to be found in the well-watered high montane areas.

English name	Scientific name	Status	Habitat	
Karoo toad	<i>Vandijkophrynus gariensis</i>	C	WL/C L	
Tradouw toadlet	<i>Capensibufo tradouwi</i>	UC	M	
Common platanna	<i>Xenopus laevis</i>	C	WL	
Common caco	<i>Cacosternum boettgeri</i>	C	WL	
Cape river frog	<i>Amieta fuscigula</i>	C	WL	
Clicking stream frog	<i>Strongylops grayii</i>	UC	M	

PRINCE ALBERT - CHECKLIST TREES AND BUSHES

English name	Scientific name	☞
INDIGENOUS:		
Bitter aloe	<i>Aloe ferox</i>	
Cape willow	<i>Salix mucronata</i>	
Laurel protea	<i>Protea laurifolia</i>	
Strap-leaved protea	<i>Protea lorifolia</i>	
Water white sugarbush	<i>Protea punctata</i>	
Broad-leaved sugarbush	<i>Protea eximia</i>	
Common pin cushions	<i>Leucospermum cuneiforme</i>	
Spekboom	<i>Portulacaria afra</i>	
Round-leaved crassula	<i>Crassula arborescens</i>	
Wild clove-bush	<i>Montinia caryophyllacea</i>	
Sweet thorn	<i>Vachelia karroo</i>	
Karoo boer-bean	<i>Schotia afra</i>	
Fountain bush	<i>Psoralea pinnata</i>	
Chinese lantern	<i>Nymanya capensis</i>	
Warty-fruited clutia	<i>Clutia pulchella</i>	
Nana-berry	<i>Searsia dentata</i>	
Karee	<i>Searsia laucea</i>	
Thorny taaibos	<i>Searsia longispina</i>	
Karoo kuni-bush	<i>Searsia burchellii</i>	
Common wild current	<i>Searsia pyroides</i>	
Common spike-thorn	<i>Gymnosporia buxifolia</i>	
Narrow-leaved spike-thorn	<i>Gymnosporia linearis</i>	
Bastard spike-thorn	<i>Putterlickia pyracantha</i>	
Jacket plum	<i>Pappea capensis</i>	
Sand olive	<i>Dodonaea angustifolia</i>	

English name	Scientific name	
Wild tamarisk (exotic species also in this area)	<i>Tamarix usneoides</i>	
Cabbage tree	<i>Cussonia spicata</i>	
Highveld cabbage tree	<i>Cussonia paniculata</i>	
Common guarri	<i>Euclea undulata</i>	
Wild olive	<i>Olea europaea</i>	
Witolienhout	<i>Buddleja saligna</i>	
Karoo sage	<i>Buddleja glomerata</i>	
Sagewood	<i>Buddleja salvifolia</i>	
Karoo num-num	<i>Carissa haematocarpa</i>	
Large honey-thorn	<i>Lycium austrinum</i>	
Karoo rhigozum	<i>Rhigozum obovatum</i>	
Camphor bush	<i>Tarchonanthus camphoratus</i>	
Wild peach	<i>Kiggelaria africana</i>	
River honey-thorn	<i>Lycium hirsutum</i>	
Puzzle bush	<i>Ehretia rigida</i>	
Blue bush	<i>Diospyros lycioides</i>	
Common lightning bush	<i>Clutia pulchella</i>	
Karoo cross-berry	<i>Grewia robusta</i>	
EXOTIC:		
Queen of the Night	<i>Cereus jamacaru</i>	
Sweet prickly pear	<i>Opuntia ficus indica</i>	
Aleppo pine	<i>Pinus halepensis</i>	
Weeping willow	<i>Salix babylonica</i>	
Old man's salt bush	<i>Atriplex nummularia</i>	
Red gum	<i>Eucalyptus camaldulensis</i>	
Wild tobacco	<i>Nicotiana glauca</i>	
Pepper tree	<i>Schinus molle</i>	

English name	Scientific name	✍
Glandular mesquite	<i>Prosopis glandulosa</i>	
Black wattle	<i>Acacia mearnsii</i>	
Seringa	<i>Melia azedarach</i>	

We would be very pleased to receive new and interesting records on the animal and plant life of the Prince Albert area, in order to constantly update these lists.

In this series:

- ① The Wildlife of Loxton, Central Karoo
- ② The Wildlife of “Slypfontein” and “Spes Bona”, Central Karoo
- ③ Checklists for the Fauna of the Western Soutpansberg, Northern Province
- ④ Checklists of the Wildlife (and Trees) of Prince Albert and Environs